## Math 2211: Recitation 5 (T)

## Naufil Sakran

- (1) Solve any  $\mathbf{two}$  the following problems:
  - (a) Compute

$$\int \left(4t^{\frac{3}{2}} \; \vec{i} + (t+7)\sqrt{t} \; \vec{k}\right) dt$$

(b) Find the length of the curve

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = \left\langle 4t, t^2, \frac{1}{6}t^3 \right\rangle, \quad 0 \le t \le 1.$$

(c) Find the unit tangent and unit normal vectors  $\mathbf{T}(t)$  and  $\mathbf{N}(t)$  of the following vector function  $\mathbf{r}(t) = 3 \sin(t) \mathbf{i} + 3 \cos(t) \mathbf{j}$ .

- (2) Solve the following problems. (Do any two of them).
  - (a) Let C be the curve of intersection of the parabolic cylinder  $x^2 = 2y$ , and the surface 3z = xy. Find the length of C from the origin to the point  $(2, 2, \frac{4}{3})$ .

(b) Find the curvature of the below curve at any general point

 $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t, t^2, t^3 \rangle.$ 

(c) Find the unit normal and binormal vectors for the circular helix  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle \cos t, \sin t, t \rangle.$ 

(Bonus) Solve the following integrals. (Do any one of them).

(a) Show that the curvature of a circle of radius a is  $\frac{1}{a}$ .

(b) Use the formula  $\kappa(x) = \frac{|f''(x)|}{[1+(f(x))^2]^{3/2}}$  to find the curvature of  $y = 2x^4$ .