Math 1221: Recitation 8 (R) Naufil Sakran

- (1) Solve the following.
 - (a) Does the following series converge or diverge? Briefly explain your answer.

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 3^{-\frac{10}{n}}, \text{ and } \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 3^{\frac{10}{n}}, \text{ and } \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 3^{-\frac{n}{10}}$$

(b) Comment on the convergence or the divergence of

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\ln n}{n}\right)^2$$

(c) Does the following converge or diverge

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin^2 n}{n^2}$$

- (2) Solve the following questions. (Do any one of them).
 - (a) Use the comparison test to determine whether the following series converge. *Hint: Compare with* $\frac{1}{n}$, $\frac{1}{n^2}$ and $\frac{1}{n^{\frac{3}{2}}}$ and see which works.

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{n+1} - \sqrt{n}}{n}$$

(b) Find $\lim \frac{1}{n^{\frac{1}{n}}}$. Use this fact to determine whether the following series converges or diverges.

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{1+\frac{1}{n}}}$$

(3) (Bonus) Solve any two of them.

(a) Does the following series converge or diverge?

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{4^n - 3^n}$$

(b) Determine whether the series converges or diverges.

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n+\ln n}{n^2+8n-2}$$

(c) State whether the series converges absolutely, conditionally, or not at all.

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{n}{n+2}$$